I Thessalonians 5:1-11 Lesson 12

Paul's purpose in t	this passage is primarily	(vs4-11)
not	Thus, our goal today will be	e to answer two questions:

- 1. What is the Day of the Lord? **Vs. 1-3**
- 2. What were the Thess to do about it? **Vs4-11**

Whereas **4:13-18** addressed the______, **5:1-11** addresses the ______

The fact that Paul speaks to the epochs and times informs us what the Thess had further questions about - the _________ of end times events.

Matt. 24:3 "As He was sitting on the Mt. of Olives, the disciples came to Him saying, 'Tell us <u>WHEN</u> these things happen and what will be the sign of your coming and of the end of the age?'

Matt. 24:36 "But of that <u>day</u> and <u>hour</u> no one knows, not even the angels of heaven nor the Son, but the Father alone. For the coming of the Son of Man will be just like the days of Noah..." **Acts 1:6** "Lord is it at this TIME you are restoring the kingdom to Israel?

 God has revealed just what He wants us to know. If we knew the exact date and it was far off, we may be ______. If we knew how soon, we may ______&

The Thessalonians do not need new instruction like they did in **4:13-18**, they need reminding of what they_____ know!

1. What is the DOL?

- a. "God's cataclysmic future judgement on the wicked." JMA
- b. "His Day when He will display His character and work in judging the wicked and vidicating His justice." Heibert
- c. The day when "God will intervene in history to vindicate His chosen people, destroy His enemies and establish His Kingdom." Neill
- d. DOL is an ______ and an _____. (See last week's charts).
- e. DOL is both _____ (Joel 1:15, 2:1,11) and _____(Joel 3:1-14)

f. _____ in OT (Isa. 2:12, 13:6,9; Eze. 13:5, 30:3, Joel 1:15, 2:1, 11, 31; 3:14, Amos 5:18/2x, 20; Obad. 15, Zeph. 1:7, 14/2x; Zech. 14:1; Mal. 4:5

- g. _____ in NT (Acts 2:20, 2 Thess. 2:2; 3 Pet. 3:10), alluded to in (Rev. 6:17, 16:14
- h. 3x called the Day of ______ (Isa. 34:8, 61:2, 63:4)
- i. Different from the Day of ______, Day of the Lord Jesus Christ, Day of Christ Jesus. All of these refer to the day when believers are ______ by Christ. (Rom. 14:10; I Cor. 3:11-14, 4:1-5, 2 Cor. 5:9-10)
- j. Different from ______ which refers to the eternal state (2 Pet. 3:12)

- k. Unlike the rapture, which can happen at any time, the DOL will be preceded by . (2 Thess. 2:3-4)
- 1. Characterized by its suddenness, cosmic upheaval and ______.

Two helpful similes explain the DOL as it comes to those unbelievers under its judgement and destruction.

2. What are the Thess to do about the DOL? (vs4-8) Vs9-11 & 2 Pet. 3:11-12a "Since all these things are to be destroyed in this way, what sort of people ought you to be in holy conduct and godliness, looking for and hastening the coming Day of God.."

To help us grasp our duty/right response to the coming judgment of the DOL, Paul gives us the beautiful comparison of Light, Darkness & Day and Night. Just as Paul did on 4:4-5, we see, again, a compare/contrast with believers and unbelievers. This comparison reveals the nature/realm and the moral activities of both.

Vs4- emphatic ______ are not in darkness (negative).Eph 5:8 "for you were formerly darkness but now you are Light"

The preparedness, alertness and sobriety addressed here is _____! Vs8-

Breastplate of faith and love

As a helmet, the hope of salvation

• 3:12 "increase and abound in love for one another and for all people..SO THAT he may establish your hearts without blame, in holiness at the coming of our Lord Jesus with all His saints."

Build one another up in what and how?